

## ORC1 抗原（重组蛋白）

中文名称：ORC1 抗原（重组蛋白）

英文名称：ORC1 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别名：origin recognition complex subunit 1; ORC1L; PARC1; HSORC1

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

相关类别：抗原

### 概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 662-861 amino acids of human ORC1

### 技术规格

<b>Full name:</b>	origin recognition complex subunit 1
<b>Synonyms:</b>	ORC1L; PARC1; HSORC1
<b>Swissprot:</b>	Q13415
<b>Gene Accession:</b>	BC011539
<b>Purity:</b>	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
<b>Expression system:</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Tags:</b>	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
<b>Background:</b>	The origin recognition complex (ORC) is a highly conserved six subunits protein complex essential for the initiation of the DNA replication in eukaryotic cells. Studies in yeast demonstrated that ORC binds specifically to origins of replication and serves as a platform for the assembly of additional initiation factors such as Cdc6 and Mcm proteins. The protein encoded by this gene is the largest subunit of the ORC complex. While other ORC subunits are stable throughout the cell cycle, the levels of this protein vary during the cell cycle, which has been shown to be controlled by ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis after initiation of DNA replication. This protein is found to be selectively phosphorylated during mitosis. It is also reported to interact with

MYST histone acetyltransferase 2 (MyST2/HBO1), a protein involved in control of transcription silencing. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.