

兔抗 SNAI1(Phospho-Ser246) 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 SNAI1(Phospho-Ser246) 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-SNAI1(Phospho-Ser246) rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名： SNA; SNAH; SNAIL; SLUGH2; SNAIL1; dJ710H13.1

相关类别： 一抗

储存： 冷冻（-20℃） 避光

宿主： Rabbit

抗原： SNAI1(Phospho-Ser246)

反应种属： Human Mouse Rat

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:	The Drosophila embryonic protein snail is a zinc finger transcriptional repressor which downregulates the expression of ectodermal genes within the mesoderm. The nuclear protein encoded by this gene is structurally similar to the Drosophila snail protein, and is also thought to be critical for mesoderm formation in the developing embryo. At least two variants of a similar processed pseudogene have been found on chromosome 2.
Applications:	WB

Name of antibody:	SNAI1(Phospho-Ser246)
Immunogen:	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of Serine 246 (T-F-S(p)-R-M) derived from Human SNAI1.
Full name:	snail family zinc finger 1
Synonyms :	SNA; SNAH; SNAIL; SLUGH2; SNAI1; dJ710H13.1
SwissProt:	O95863
WB Predicted band size:	29 kDa
WB Positive control:	Rat heart tissue lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-1000

